

TIME FOR....

SUPER HERO QUIZ

POLICIES, PROCEDURES

AND GUIDELINES!!

What type of meeting must be held if a student might accumulate more than 10 days of oss?

Manifestation Determination Review (MDR)

HOW DO YOU DO DOCUMENT IN IC IF A RESTRAINT HAS OCCURRED?

In the behavior tab in IC - Under event type, use other non-disciplinary incident (use only if restraint is used). The use of restraint should be documented under behavior resolution where restraint can be selected from the drop down menu.

IF A STUDENT TURNS 22 IN OCTOBER, HOW LONG WILL THEY CONTINUE TO RECEIVE SERVICES?

THROUGH THE END OF DECEMBER

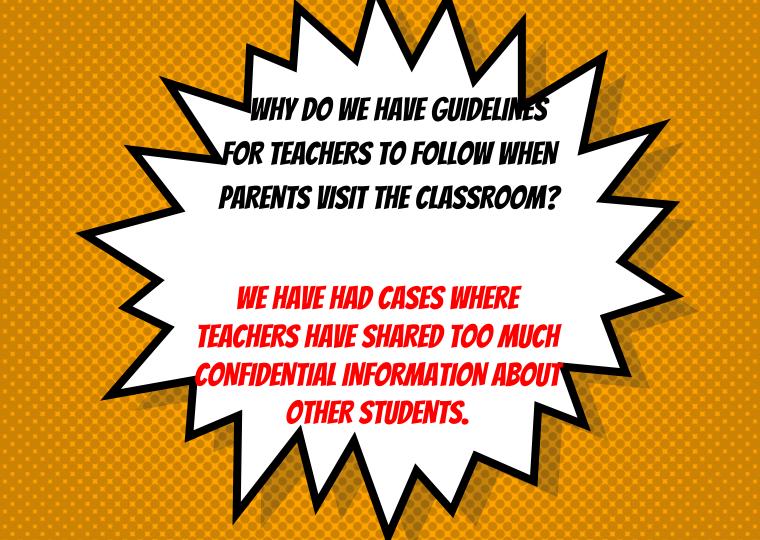
HOW MANY STUDENTS NEED TO BE IN A SPECIALIZED INSTRUCTIONAL CLASS AND A RESOURCE/INCLUSION CLASS TO EARN THE MAXIMUM STATE FUNDING POSSIBLE?

SPECIALIZED INSTRUCTIONAL CLASS = 5 OR MORE

HOW OFTEN DO THE ESOL AND SPECIAL EDUCATION TEACHERS NEED TO MEET TO MONITOR A CONSULTATIVE STUDENT'S PROGRESS? TWICE A **SEMESTER**

Do you have to accept and put into place all recommendations from the independent evaluation?

No it is not required; however school staff should be prepared to show that appropriate "consideration" was given to the report.



HOW OFTEN CAN A PARENT DO A CLASSROOM OBSERVATION?

TWO PER SEMESTER -NOT TO EXCEED 45 MINUTES

HOW MUCH FUNDING IS PROVIDED FOR SPECIALIZED INSTRUCTION CLASSROOMS FOR CONSUMABLE MATERIALS?

\$150.00 PER YEAR.

THIS IS WHY IT IS NICE TO GET

ADDITIONAL FUNDS FROM PTO'S.

Do staff members need to wear disposable gloves when changing diapers?

YES!!! ALWAYS!!

ARE STUDENTS REQUIRED TO BE TOILET TRAINED BEFORE ENTERING SCHOOL?

NO!
THIS IS TRUE FOR ALL
STUDENTS.

ARE PRIVATE SERVICE PROVIDERS ALLOWED TO PROVIDE SERVICE TO STUDENTS DURING THE SCHOOL DAY, IN THE SCHOOL SETTING?

KG: Use of School Facilities

School facilities may only be used by non-profit organizations based in Forsyth County. School facilities may not be used by private therapy providers. All private/medical therapy services must be provided in another location off school campus property.

GUIDELINES FOR AFTERSCHOOL PROGRAMS & EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

We're here to help...

- Inform your facilitator of a situation where participation in extracurricular activities, sports, clubs, etc. is being questioned.
- You don't have to come up with all of the answers right away (fine to get back to the topic after you've had a chance to talk with someone in our department)
- The facilitator, teacher, SLP, ID or AUT Coach, etc. may need to observe the student in the setting and collaborate to provide suggestions, accommodations, etc.
- Trying to make this work is the right thing to do for the students

Afterschool Programs and Extracurricular

Adopting a policy that excludes students who need supplemental services from aftercare programs will likely place your district in the crosshairs of OCR.

Key points

- Don't exclude children from aftercare program because of challenging behaviors.
- Educate aftercare staff about duty to provide reasonable accommodations.
- Know when districts can be held liable for actions of afterschool staff.

Such was the case in Raytown (MO) C-2 School District, 53 IDELR 239 (OCR 2009). Here, the district violated Section 504 and Title II by adopting policies that excluded an elementary school student with autism from its aftercare program because the student needed extra

supervision. The district removed the exclusionary language from its policy and readmitted the student to the program to achieve compliance.

Consider these tips to help avoid legal action for discrimination in your district's aftercare programs:

• Don't exclude a student based on his challenging behavior. "Sometimes, staff members use behavior [exhibited by students with autism] as a trump card for non-inclusion," said Mary Shea, project consultant and co-founder of Kids Included Together, a nonprofit organization that trains community-based youth organizations on including children with disabilities into their recreational, social and child care programs.

If staff members are trained on positive behavior interventions, few children with autism will require a separate environment, she said.

• Ensure aftercare providers understand their nondiscrimination duty. Schools must inform employees supervising afterschool programs that under Section 504, participation of students with disabilities in their program is an issue of accessibility and equal opportunity, said Paula Maddox Roalson, a school attorney with Walsh, Anderson, Brown, Gallegos, & Green PC in Texas.

These individuals should be prepared to make decisions regarding reasonable accommodations, she added. In addition, Shea said, encourage aftercare directors to attend students' IEP team meetings, or at least partner with parents and special education staff to learn more about reasonable accommodations.

AFTERSCHOOL PROGRAMS AND EXTRACURRICULAR

OCR COMPLAINT?

I DON'T THINK SO

GUIDELINES FOR AFTER SCHOOL PROGRAMS AND EXTRA-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

Scenarios:

Elementary High Middle Marching Band: Student on Robotics Club: IRR After-school clubs: student modified curriculum (Access with cognitive delays, verbal students strengths in courses); struggles with social (but delayed language Math/Science; struggles language and unexpected skills), and adaptive skill with Reading/ELA; transitions; does well with peer deficits; not consistent with **Expressive Communication** modeling. toilet training (4th grade on delay (hard to get thoughts Prom: student in Access 1st level) out verbally when stressed) courses; highly social (sometimes not age Band class request: student appropriate), wants to be on modified curriculum (Kindependent but lacks some 1st Level), limited verbal safety and social awareness. skills does well with visuals

FAMILY ENGAGEMENT & DISPUTE RESOLUTION UNIT AT DOE

Family Engagement

- Georgia Parent Mentor Partnership
- State Advisory Panel (SAP)
- Collaboration with Parent2Parent of Georgia
- Collaboration with Title I Family-School Partnership Program

Dispute Prevention

- Procedural Safeguards (Parents' Rights)
- Special Education Help Desk
- IEP Facilitation

Dispute Resolution

- Mediation
- Formal Written Complaints
- Due Process
 Hearings/
 Resolution
 Session Meetings

PREVENTING AND RESOLVING SPECIAL EDUCATION DISPUTES



A Parent's Experience with the Special Education System

WHAT CAN EDUCATORS DO TO HELP?

- · Communicate, communicate, communicate
- · Build trust
- · Listen
- · Eliminate jargon
- · Structure IEP Team meetings
- · Understand perspectives
- · Reduce power imbalance
- · Support family engagement



No Worries... We've got what you need to be a super hero!!