WHAT SHOULD I LOOK FOR IN AN EFFECTIVE WORLD LANGUAGE CLASSROOM?

Teach	acher's Name: Date of Observation:					ion:	
Level	: Langu		age:			P	rogram Type:
ſ	□ Elementary School		Arabic		Japanese		Regular
ι	□ Middle School		Chinese		Latin		Honors
Œ	 High School 		French		Russian		Advance Placement
			German		Spanish		International Baccalaureate
	STANDARD				EVIDENCE		EVIDENCE
1.	The classroom is student-centered focuses on meaningful communicat						
2.	The target language is the sole me instruction. The teacher uses the to language throughout the entire les	ırget					
3.	Students acquire language through authentic cultural contexts.	1					
4.	Students use language to reinforce core content knowledge.	their					
5.	Students experience the language listening, speaking, reading, and						
6.	Students participate in learning ac which vary in length, content, and						
7.	Students use language individually paired groups, an whole-class activities.						
8.	Student's language acquisition is t through the teacher's use of visual gestures, pictures, manipulatives, technologies.	s,					
9.	Student's have the opportunity to a assess their language competencie cultural interactions.						
10.	Student's language competency is by performance-based tasks.	measured					

WORLD LANGUAGE CLASSROOM STANDARD INDICATORS

Standard Observed Positive Indicator(s)* Negative Indicator(s)*

1.	The classroom is student-centered and focuses on meaningful communication.	 Using target Language to complete communicative tasks Learning centers Independent work groups 	 Direct & grammar-driven instruction Learn about language rather than to use language. Overusing worksheets/workbooks
2.	The target language is sole medium of instruction. The teacher uses the target language through the entire lesson.	■ Using target language exclusively (teacher)	■ Weaving in and out of English and target language (teacher)
3.	Students acquire language through authentic cultural contexts.	 Using web sites intended for native speakers to find an apartment, job, etc. Viewing segment of a film from a target language country to identify cultural similiarities 	 Comparing traditions/music/art between the target country and the U.S. in English. Watching of dubbed or subtitled Disney Movies
4.	Students use language to reinforce their core content knowledge.	 Writing a summary of main points Using an inquiry-based process to measure water-pollution levels and compare to levels in target language countries 	 Reading for comprehension only. Learning names of famous scientists and their inventions from target language countries.
		 Learning dance/art terminology to describe a folk dance/painting 	Learning about famous artists and their works in English.
5.	Students experience the language for listening, speaking, reading, and writing.	 Providing multiple opportunities for each student to speak in the target language Addressing listening, reading, and writing skills 	 Focusing lesson on grammar and translation Few opportunities for students to speak in the target language
6.	Students participate in learning activities, which vary in length, content, and format.	 Activities rarely exceed 15 minutes Strategies used include: role play, total physical response, journaling, skimming & scanning texts, etc. 	■ Lecturing by teacher ■ Watching a film for an entire class period
7.	Students use language individually, in paired groups, in small groups, and in whole-class activities.	 Presenting a poster (individually) Interviewing each other (pairs) Performing a short role play (small group) Participating in a video conference (class) 	■ Direct instruction only
8.	Student's language acquisition is facilitated through the teacher's use of visuals, gestures, pictures, manipulatives, and technologies. Presenting new vocabulary in context using pictures, objects, video, PowerPoint. TPR (Total Physical Response) Activities Graphic organizers Video conferencing, Blogging, E-Pals		■ Presenting new vocabulary only through prepared word lists
9.	Student's have the opportunity to self- assess their language competencies and cultural interactions.	 Including reflective learning activities Using <i>LinguaFolio</i> (the self-assessment/reflective learning tool.) 	■ Teacher Evaluation only
10.	Student's language competency is measured by performance-based tasks.	 Writing a postcard to a pen-pal Producing a commercial or a news or music video Interviewing a local native speaker Capturing information from a recorded phone message, song, film clip, etc. Answering an open response question in the target language. 	■ Paper & pencil summative assessments